Assignment 1 (pp. 3-23) Chapters 1-8

Active Vocabulary.

Words: bare (adj), cherish (v), contempt (n), date (v), distraught (adj), flush (v), incredulous (adj), irresistible (adj), kick up (v), knob (v), linger (v), quake (v), rapture (n), shrug (n), starry (adj), tiffin (n).

Words-combinations: to lose one's head, it's a hundred to one, to get rid of smth, to be conscious of smth, to get round smb, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush (proverb), a startled cry, persuasive tone.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active, Vocabulary to math the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) A meal taken in the morning or at midday;
- 2) To shake, to tremble;
- 3) great joy and delight;
- 4) too strong and delightful;
- 5) to remain for a time, instead of going;
- 6) a round lump (esp. on the end of smth);
- 7) an act of raising (ex. one's shoulders) as an expression of doubt, or smth else;
- 8) the filing that some one or smth is completely worthless, unimportant;
- 9) to keep firmly in mind;
- 10) filled with stars.
- 2. Write out from the chapters read sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) Her hair was shingled.
- 2) They saw the white China knob on the handle slowly turn.
- 3) With the ghastliness of the supernatural.
- 4) A frown for an instant darkened his brow, he was growing impatient.
- 5) Have a little pluck.
- 6) She smiled and in her pleasant well-mannered way said the things that were expected of her, but for all her cordiality held you at a distance.
- 7) From a social standpoint the man of science doesn't exist.
- 8) Gave her shoulders a faint shrug.
- 9) Kick up a row if she chose.
- **3.** Translate from Russian into English:
- 1) сто к одному;
- 2) удивленный возглас;
- 3) убеждать, уговаривать;
- 4) повелительный тон;
- 5) сжать голову руками;
- 6) там не было ни души;
- 7) Некоторые мужчины не выносят суеты;
- 8) избавиться от чего-либо;
- 9) большая радость:
- 10) легкий завтрак/полдник.
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What did Kitty and her lover see in the window?
- 2) Why did Kitty marry Walter Fane?
- 3) What traits of Mrs. Garstin are revealed in the story?

- 4) What were the relations between Mrs. Garstin and her husband?
- 5) Why did Mrs. Garstin connect her hopes with Kitty and not with her sister?
- 6) Why didn't Kitty like Hong Kong?
- 7) Where did Kitty's husband work?
- 8) What did Kitty discover in her room after Charlie had left?
- 9) What are the methods Mangham uses to give characteristics of people?
- **5.** Dwell on the following:
- 1) relations between Mrs. Garstin and her daughters;
- 2) Mrs. Garstin character.

Assignment 2 (pp. 23-43) Chapters 9-15

Active Vocabulary.

Words: beseech (v), betray (v), blankly (adv), bosom (n), chuckle (v), considerate (adj), dazzle (v), elared (adj), evidently (adv), fierce (adj), frankly (adv), flush (v), gaiety (n), inexplicably (adv), mobile (adv), motive (n), persistence (n), tremulously (adv), waste (v), trifle (n), stern (adj).

Word-combinations: a little while, to be obviously taken aback, upon my word!, an odd creature, to knock smb down, to gush over (babies), to be offensive, to be like wax in smb's hands, to be on the defensive.

- 1. Choose words from the Active Vocabulary list to match the following definitions, supply them with your own examples. Make up a situation or sentences with the words given below;
- 1) To fill with wonder or admiration;
- 2) To be disloyal or unfaithful;
- 3) The part of the body considered the centre of feelings;
- 4) Filled with excited joy and pride;
- 5) Angry, violent and pride;
- 6) Empty or expressionless, without undersanding;
- 7) Cheerfulness:
- 8) To use wrongly, not use;
- 9) A reason for action;
- 10) Not fixed in one position;
- 11) Extremely difficult or impossible to understand.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with following phrases and give contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) obviously taken aback
- 2) a little while
- 3) an odd creature
- 4) to gush over
- 5) to be offensive
- 6) upon my word
- 7) a trifle stern
- 8) to be like wax (in smb's hands)
- 9) to knock smb down.
- **3.** Translate from Russians into English.
- 1) Тихо посмеиваться
- 2) Быть возбужденным

- 3) Радость, веселье
- 4) Быть неприятным
- 5) Быть как воск в чьих-то руках, пользоваться кем-то
- 6) Невыразительно, непонятно
- 7) Чувствовать удивление, восхищение
- 8) Неординарный человек
- 9) Выразить восхищение
- 10) Быть честным, открытым
- 11) Показать истинные чувства
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) Why did Kitty marry Walter Fane?
- 2) Do you think he loved her indeed?
- 3) Why was Walter Fane?
- 4) What do you think about Kitty's mother opinion of her marriage?
- 5) What traits he loved her indeed?
- 6) What was Walter's profession? Did he like to speak about it?
- 7) Where did Kitty meet Charlie?
- 8) What did Kitty like Charlie for?
- 9) What traits of Charlie's character are revealed in the part read?
- **5.** Dwell on Walter's character behaviour, his revelationship with Kitty/

Assignment 3 (pp. 43-59) Chapters 16-20

Active Vocabulary.

Words: Bargain (v), buoyant (adj), confusedly (adv), connivance (n), divorce (v), fed up (adj), gesture (n), manicure (v), mere (adj), renew (v), skill (n), slavish (adj), by stealth (n), worship (v).

Word-combination: to get over smth, to be considered, a towering passion, to gaze into space, trace of irritation, on the contrary, to put oneself in smb else's shoes, to keep on the right side, a thrill of pride, to insist on a divorce.

- 1. Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions, supply each one with your own examples. Make up a situation based on the words: an official end of marriage
- 1) unhappy, tired, or unsatisfied
- 2) an action which is done to show one's feeling
- 3) to talk about the conditions of a sale
- 4) special ability to do smth well
- 5) the action of moving and doing smth secretly
- 6) to show a strong feeling of love, respect
- 7) the act of working together secretly
- 8) to give new life and freshness
- 9) nothing more than...
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their Russian equivalents.
- 1) to get over it
- 2) a thrill of pride
- 3) to make a row

- 4) on the contrary
- 5) to put oneself in smth else's shoes
- 6) to insist on a divorce
- 7) a supercilious air
- 8) to curse smb's position
- 9) to keep on the right side
- 10) to be conceited
- **3**. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) настоять на чем-либо
- 2) поставить себя на место другого человека
- 3) наоборот
- 4) рабский
- 5) боготворить
- 6) преодолеть что-либо
- 7) быть самодовольным, тщеславным
- 8) неистовая страсть
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What did Kitty want to tell Walter about their divorce?
- 2) What was her plan?
- 3) What did Charlie think about Walter?
- 4) What was Kitty afraid of?
- 5) Where did Kitty and Charlie meet connivancely?
- **5.** Speak on the change in Kitty that happiness has brought her.

Assignment 4 (pp.59-79) Chapters 21-24

Active Vocabulary.

Words: to deny smth (v), derisive (v), discern (v), indulgence (n), inquiring (adj), falter (v), malice (n), mock (v), sulk (v), survive smth (v), second-rate (adj), thrash smb (v).

Word-combinations: to be chilled, a trifle impatient, to be furious with smb, to smothe a cry, to go scarlet, a gleam of mockery, to meet violence with violence, to look flowing ar smb, to check the sobs, to go to hell, to keep one's head(s).

- 1. Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions, supply then with your own examples. Make up a situation based on the words given below:
- 1) to laugh unkindly
- 2) to cause a cold feeling of fear
- 3) the wish to hurt someone
- 4) to continue to exist after
- 5) of low quality
- 6) the habit of allowing someone to do what want
- 7) showing interest
- 8) to be silent, bad-tempered
- 9) making fun of
- 10) to move unsteadily, through weakness
- 11) to stop crying
- 12) to keep from crying

- **2.** Write out from the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) to meet violence with violence
- 2) to check the sobs
- 3) to go to hell
- 4) to keep one's head
- 5) falling of a log
- 6) gleam of mockery
- 7) look frowning at smb
- 8) to be furious with smb
- 9) to smother a cry
- 3. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) перестать плакать
- 2) подавить в себе рыдания
- 3) покраснеть от смущения
- 4) оставаться спокойным
- 5) зуб за зуб
- 6) недружелюбно взглянуть на кого-либо
- 7) очень просто
- 8) огонек в глазах (обычно связано с иронией)
- 9) смеяться с ехидством, желанием обидеть
- 10) продолжать существовать несмотря гни на что
- **4.** Answer the questions:
- 1) Where did Walter want to go? What kind of place was it?
- 2) What did Kitty think at first about Walter's decision?
- 3) What was Walter's real plan?
- 4) What did Walter tell Kitty about her manners and the way of thinking?
- 5) What do you think about Walter? Can you say you understand his behaviour?
- 6) What did Walter suggest concerning the divorce?
- 7) How did Walter explain that he hadn't broken into the room where Kitty had been with Charlie?
- 8) How did Kitty imagine Charlie's behaviour when he got to know what Walter's decision was?
- 9) Why was Kitty disappointed in Charlie?
- **5.** Did you anticipate Charlie would behave in such a way?

Assignment 5 (pp. 79-99) Chapters 25-31

Active Vocabulary.

Words: bearer (n), be breezy crumple up (v), endeavour, entreaty (n), exaggeration (n), exasperation (n), flippancy (n), inn (n), peevish (adj), scrape (n), be wretched (v).

World-combinations: to stand a dog's chance, to be tinged with resentment, to weep without restrain, not to make head or tail of smth, not to turn a hair, to get the wind up, to sacrifice smb without a pang, to bide, to be fagged to do smth.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) good enough, nice, kind

- 2) a small pub or hotel
- 3) to try to do smth
- 4) an unpleasant, serious situation
- 5) unkind, without sympathy for the sufferings of other people
- 6) anger
- 7) to be unhappy, in low spirits
- 8) an inability, in low spirits
- 9) a person who bears, carries smth
- 10) asking very serious
- **2**. Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) to be tinged with resentment
- 2) not to make head or tail of smth
- 3) to get in an awful scrape
- 4) to throw at smb's head
- 5) to weep without restraint
- 6) not to turn a hair
- 7) to get the wind up
- 8) to be fagged to do smth
- **3.** Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) Не иметь ни малейшего шанса
- 2) плакать навзрыд
- 3) ничего не понимать
- 4) слишком устать
- 5) сильно испугаться
- 6) маленький отель
- 7) очень хороший, порядочный
- 8) быть несчастным, в плохом настроении
- 9) неприятная, глупая ситуация
- 10) очень долго ждать, ждать до последней минуты
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) How did Charlie explain that he didn't want to divorce?
- 2) Was Kitty astonished by Charlie's behaviour?
- 3) Why did she go to Mei-tan-fu?
- 4) What was Walter's behaviour when Kitty came home?
- 5) What did the bearer show Kitty on their way?
- 6) Whom did Kitty blame for the guarrel with Charlie?
- 7) Whom did they meet first in Mei-tan-fu?
- 8) What did Waddington say about the previous doctors?
- 5. Dwell on Charlie's behaviour.

Assignment 6 (pp. 99-119) Chapters 32-38

Active Vocabulary.

Words: boldly (adv), boast (v), clench (v), console (v), dim (adj), mist (n), moor (v), be panic stricken (v), scanty (adj), sober (adj), stricken (adj), torture (v).

Word-combinations: to be filled with awe, to stay the plaque, to care much for smb, to give a damn, to make a blunder, to chaff smb about smth, to hold smb in contempt, in a spirit of a banter, to go for a stroll, commit suicide.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Supply them with your own examples. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) a stupid unnecessary mistake;
- 2) to close tightly in a way that shows determination or anger;
- 3) to be filled with panic;
- 4) hardly enough in size or quantity, to small;
- 5) not able to see clearly;
- 6) to fasten to land;
- 7) not under the influence of alcohol;
- 8) showing the effect of trouble, anxiety, too, illness;
- 9) to give comfort or sympathy to someone in times of disappointment or sadness;
- 10) insolently.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) to be filled with awe;
- 2) to care much for smb;
- 3) to make a blunder;
- 4) to chaff smb about smth;
- 5) to commit suicide;
- 6) to give a damn;
- 7) to go for a stroll;
- 8) there was a hoarse, abrupt cry and...
- 9) to stay the plaque.
- 3. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) иметь чувство уважения по отношению к кому-либо, смешанное со страхом
- 2) остановить чуму
- 3) манерничать
- 4) совершать непростительную ошибку
- 5) подшутить над кем-либо
- 6) не уважать кого-либо
- 7) совершить небольшую прогулку
- 8) совершить самоубийство
- **4.** Answer the questions:
- 1) How can you describe Mr. Waddington?
- 2) What dreams did Kitty see?
- 3) What did she see on her first morning in Mei-tan-fu from the window of her bungalow?
- 4) What did Waddington tell Kitty about Charlie? Did Kitty agree with Waddington's opinion?
- 5) Why was eating of the salad mentioned? What was Waddington's reaction?
- 6) Where did Kitty go with Waddington?
- 7) What did she see during their walk to the top of the hell? What did Waddington and Kitty speak about on their way?
- 8) Did Waddington understand everything about the relations between Kitty and Walter?
- 5. Give your opinion of Waddington.

Assignment 7 (pp.119-137) Chapters 39-45

Active Vocabulary.

Words: causeway (n), chapel (n), emaciation (n), exasperate (v), grin (v), malicious (adj), perplexity (n), stench (n), surmise (n), submission (n).

Word-combinations: to walk over smb's grave, to give the shadow of a bow, a hint of malice, a smooth face, to hold one's tongue, to falter an affirmative, to be blind to smth, to hold smth back, to be worthless.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Supply them with your own examples. Make up a situation based on the words given below:
- 1) to make extremely angry;
- 2) an act of saving free from harm, danger, etc;
- 3) a place such as a small church;
- 4) a raised road or path;
- 5) to make a wide smile;
- 6) the condition when a person is extremely thin from hunger or illness;
- 7) an unnatural way of behaving;
- 8) the state of being confused by smth difficult to understand;
- 9) a very strong bad smell;
- 10) resulting from expressing wish, desire or intention.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) to walk over smb's grave;
- 2) a hint of malice;
- 3) a smooth face:
- 4) to see over the convent;
- 5) to hold one's tongue;
- 6) to be blind to smth;
- 7) to give the shadow of a bow.
- 3. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) показать согласие кивком головы вперед
- 2) держать язык за зубами
- 3) не замечать чего-либо
- 4) не иметь ценности, не быть полезным
- 5) лицо с мягкими, приятными чертами
- 6) выразить согласие, показать каким-либо образом, что кто-то положительно относится к чему–либо
- 7) не интересоваться каким-либо делом
- 8) оставаться в каком-то месте, не двигаться с места
- 9) неестественное поведение
- 10) широко улыбаться
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What place did Waddington and Kitty visit one day?
- 2) Describe Mother Superior. What were Kitty's thoughts about her?
- 3) Whom did Kitty see in the chapel?
- 4) What did Mover Superior say about Walter?
- 5) Why did Kitty change her opinion about her husband?

- 6) What did Kitty feel after visiting the chapel?
- 7) What were the relations between Waddington and Mother Superior?
- 5. Would you go to Mei-tan-fu if you were Kitty?

Assignment 8 (pp. 138-158) Chapters 46-51

Active Vocabulary

Words: blithe (adj), fit up (v), insignificant (adj), mischief (n), mite (n), mortify smb (v), obstinacy (n), ominous (adj), peer (v), swollen (adj), weary (adj), wit (n).

Word-combinations: to frame the words, to lead to nothing, sardonic humour, to commit adultery, to ask for alms, to keep an eye on smb, to discern smb's confidence, to be under the obligation, to have no business to do smth.

- 1. Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Supply them with your own examples. Make up a situation based on the words given below:
- 1) happy and unworried;
- 2) to look very carefully or hard, especially as able to see clearly;
- 3) very tired, exhausted;
- 4) refusal to change one's opinion or behaviour;
- 5) a small child, especially one for whom one feels sorry;
- 6) to furnish;
- 7) giving a warning of smth bad that is going to happen;
- 8) having no value or importance;
- 9) to hurt person's feelings;
- 10) a person who has the ability to say things which are both clever and amusing;
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) it was more than severe, it was grim;
- 2) to submit to his caresses;
- 3) ...is fair to blame because...;
- 4) to ask for alms;
- 5) to discern smb's confidence;
- 6) to be under the obligation;
- 7) the economy of the convent;
- 8) to have an unconcern/
- **3.** Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) ни к чему не привести
- 2) меня это не касается, это не мое дело
- 3) язвительный сарказм
- 4) придавать остроту своим словам
- 5) рассекретить кого-то
- 6) быть обязанным
- 7) просить еду, деньги (для бедных)
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What were Kitty and Walter talking about when she asked to forgive her?
- 2) What was Walter's reaction to Kitty's words?
- 3) Why did Walter despise himself?

- 4) Why did Kitty decide to go to the convent? What did she do there? What did her work consist of?
- 5) Who did Kitty became friends with?
- 6) Who was the mite whom Kitty was afraid of?
- 7) What was sister St. Joseph's opinion about Walter?
- **5.** Comment on the following: «That sort of thing doesn't mean very much to a women when it's over. I think women have never quite understood the attitude that men take up.»

Assignment 9 (159-183) Chapters 52-57

Active Vocabulary.

Words: glimpse (n), outlook (n), dreadful (adj), vomit (v), elation (n), innuendo (n), barbarous (adj), extricate (v), devastating (adj), abate (v), inscrutable (adj), give up (v), consternation (n), evoke (v).

Word-combinations: to distract one's mind, to regain one's spirits, to smb's confusion, to catch oneself doing smth, to inflict smth upon smb, to yearn for smb, to be abashed, to love smb to distraction.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) to come to smb's mind
- 2) to force on smb
- 3) to have a strong, loving or sad desire
- 4) a remark that suggests smth unpleasant or disapproving without saying it directly
- 5) to become less strong decrease
- 6) to set free from smth that it is difficult to escape from
- 7) uncomfortable and ashamed in the presence of others, especially when one has done smth wrong or stupid
- 8) completely destructive
- 9) great shock, worry, fear, dismay
- 10) to produce or call up.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) she ceased very much to think of it
- 2) to give a sudden thud against smth
- 3) an indulgent smile
- 4) being cooped up in the city
- 5) to throw everything to the winds
- 6) to hanker for the unknown
- 7) outline was blurred
- 8) enchanted
- 9) to collect one's thoughts
- 10) to be liable to do smth
- 3. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) любить кого-либо до беспамятства
- 2) осторожный, осмотрительный
- 3) чужестранный, иноземный
- 4) опустошающий, разорительный

- 5) кругозор; точка зрения
- 6) нестерпимый, невыносимый
- 7) косвенный намёк
- 8) быть смущенным, пристыженным
- 9) ослаблять, уменьшать
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) Why did Kitty have a queer feeling that she was growing?
- 2) Where did Kitty go once with Waddington? What did Kitty think about while at the Buddhist monastery?
- 3) What did Kitty tell Waddington about the nuns?
- 4) What was an unforeseen discovery Kitty made one day?
- 5) What was Walter's reaction to the news?
- 6) How did Kitty behave afterwards?
- **5.** Comment on the following: «But it's loving that's the important thing, not being loved. One's not even grateful to the people who love one; if one doesn't love them, they only bore one».

Assignment 10 (pp.183-204) Chapters 58-62

Active Vocabulary.

Word: haphazard (adj), crude (adj), sojourn (n), successive (adj), languid (adj), sidelong (adj), robust (adj), austere (adj), fugitive (adj), reprove (v), transparent (adj), profound (adj), mundane (adj), repent (v), jest (n).

Word-combinations: to induce smb to do smth, to resume one's work, to feel all thumbs, to have an inkling of smth to do smth, to give a wail of anguish, to be interwoven with smth.

- **1.** Choose a work from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) following each other closely:
- 2) without strength or any show of effort; slow, especially in a graceful way;
- 3) happening in an unplanned disorderly manner;
- 4) having or showing good health or strength;
- 5) Plain and severe; without comfort or enjoyment;
- 6) a stay in a place other then one's home for a time;
- 7) a slight idea or suggestion;
- 8) to begin again after a pause;
- 9) to lead someone to do smth, often by persuading;
- 10) thin or fine enough to be seen through; easy to understand.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) ...they were preternaturally long
- 2) ...a roguish smile;
- 3) on a flimsy pretext;
- 4) ...shy told Kitty of the Annunciation;
- 5) ...treated her with a new complaisance;
- 6) ... an uprush of emotion;
- 7) nightmare of resentment;
- 8) I made the vow;
- 9) ...not take flight as though you were committing a crime;

- 10) ...took pains to be quiet.
- 3. Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) косой взгляд;
- 2) слабый, медлительный;
- 3) грубый, неотесанный;
- 4) иметь отдалённое представление о чём-либо;
- 5) судорожный, порывистый;
- 6) строгий, суровый;
- 7) услужливость, обходительность;
- 8) чувствовать себя неловким, неуклюжим;
- 9) отвратительный;
- 10) уязвимый.
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) Describe Kitty's meeting with Waddington's wife.
- 2) What did Kitty think of Waddington's wife and how did she feel during her visit?
- 3) Did Kitty change her opinion of Waddington after she had visited his place? Why?
- 4) What do you know of the Mother Superior's family?
- 5) What did the mother Superior tell Kitty about her decision to take the veil?
- 6) What were Kitty's thoughts of Walter?
- 7) What happened in the last chapter you read?
- **5.** Comment on the following:
- a) «Tao. Some of us look for the Way in opium and some in God, some of us in whisky and some in love».
- b) «...men often have a deeper filling for their daughters than they ever have for their sons».

Assignment 11 (pp. 204-225) Chapters 63-68

Active Vocabulary.

Words: precede (v), haggard (adj), reparation (n), delirium (n), garish (adj), saunter (v), serene (adj), tranquil (adj), immortal)adj), futile (adj), exile (n), refuge (n), wane (v), demeanor (n). **Word-combinations:** to stare vacantly, to keep smb from doing smth, a shrewd glance, not to care two straws (for smb), to be reluctant to do smth, to be sea-sick, to be surmounted by smth.

- 1. Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) unwilling and therefore perhaps slow to act:
- 2) to come, go, or happen before;
- 3) having no effect; unsuccessful, fruitless;
- 4) unpleasantly bright;
- 5) having lines on the face and hollow places around the eyes and the cheeks, (as if) through tiredness, lack of sleep, or anxiety;
- 6) to walk in an unhurried way, and especially in a confident manner;
- 7) repayment for loss or wrong;
- 8) pleasantly calm, quiet, or peaceful;
- 9) well-reasoned and likely to be right;
- 10) completely calm and peaceful; free from trouble and anxiety.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.

- 1) It gave her a pang;
- 2) ...lips tightened;
- 3) pursued the Superior amiably;
- 4) ...the nuns so aloofly immune to...
- 5) ...easy dignity which her voluminous habit could not conceal...
- 6) ...an indulgent, deprecating smile;
- 7) She was voluble, kindly, and affectionate;
- 8) meritorious.
- **3.** Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) Предшествовать;
- 2) Спокойный, умиротворённый;
- 3) Проницательный;
- 4) Страдать от морской болезни;
- 5) Совершенно не интересоваться;
- 6) Удержать кого-либо от какого-либо поступка;
- 7) Сострадание;
- 8) Мольба;
- 9) Размышлять (особенно с грустью);
- 10) Бессмертный.
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What happened to Walter? How did Kitty behave?
- 2) Did Waddington help Kitty? Where did they bury Walter?
- 3) What were philosophical talks between Kitty and Waddington about?
- 4) What was the Mother Superior persuade Kitty's reappearance in the convent?
- 5) Why did the Mother Superior persuade Kitty to go home?
- 6) How did Kitty and the nuns part?
- **5.** What does the following mean: "Desire not, and leave all things to take their course. He that humbles himself shall be preserved entire. He what bends shall be made straight. Failure is the foundation of success and success is the lurking-place of failure; but who can tell when the turning point will come?" Continue and comment on this.

Assignment 12 (pp. 225-269) Chapters 69-80

Active Vocabulary.

Words: enigmatic (adj), enchantment (n), elaborate (adj), incredible (adj), despicable (adj), audacity (n), degrade (v), vivacious (adj), exasperating (adj), standpoint (n).

Word-combinations: to make no effort to do smth, to see no clue, to recall with distinctness, to be dazed by smth, to have one's tongue in one's cheek, to make pretences to oneself, to keep out of one's way, to make amends to smb, to offer smb hospitality, to get tit and well.

- **1.** Choose a word from the Active Vocabulary to match the following definitions. Make up a situation based on the words:
- 1) daring bravery; daring rudeness;
- 2) full of life and high spirits;
- 3) annoying;
- 4) deserving to be despised, contemptible;
- 5) a position from which things are seen and opinions are formed;
- 6) to be unable to think or feel clearly, especially because of a shock or blow;

- 7) not to mean seriously what one says;
- 8) to improve, rectify, recompense;
- 9) too strange to be believed;
- 10) carefully worked out and with a large number of parts.
- **2.** Write out from the story the sentences with the following phrases. Give their contextual Russian equivalents.
- 1) ...served as a background to her thoughts;
- 2) ...tortuous streets;
- 3) disembodied spirits;
- 4) She had a lump in her throat;
- 5) Let the dead bury their dead;
- 6) Kitty was getting a little short of excuses; she could not bring herself to utter a blunt and definite no;
- 7) ...pulling their legs;
- 8) ...lay face downwards;
- 9) by the flicker of an eyelid;
- 10) I make no claims on you; you owe me nothing;
- 11) The proof of the pudding is in the eating.
- **3.** Translate from Russian into English.
- 1) влюбиться по уши в кого-либо;
- 2) во что бы то ни стало;
- 3) принимать как должное;
- 4) воспоминание;
- 5) обманывать;
- 6) загадочный;
- 7) бессердечный;
- 8) радужный, переливающийся;
- 9) раздражённый;
- 10) сыграть шутку с кем-либо;
- 11) принять меры предосторожности.
- **4.** Answer the following questions:
- 1) What did Kitty think about on her long way Hong Kong?
- 2) Do you agree with the following thought of Kitty's: "If it is necessary sometimes to lie to others it is always despicable to lie to oneself"?
- 3) Who met Kitty in Hong Kong?
- 4) What did Kitty think of Dorothy?
- 5) How did Charlie behave when he first saw Kitty at his place?
- 6) Did Charlie behave differently when he found himself alone with Kitty?
- 7) Why was the following saying mentioned by Charlie:"What the eye doesn't see the heart doesn't grieve for"? How does it characterize him?
- 8) What happened on Kitty's way to London?
- 9) What was Kitty's father behaviour after her mother had died?
- 10) What are Kitty/s plans for the future?
- **5**. Comment on the last paragraph of the novel.

Assignment 13

The Summery Discussion

- I. Answer why the story is called "The Painted Veil".
- II. Choose any topic you like and be ready to dwell on it (no less than 40 sentences full of Active Vocabulary and Grimmer of this Book):
 - 1. Relations in the family of Garstin.
 - 2. The image of Kitty.
 - 3. The image of Walter.
 - 4. The image of Charlie.
 - 5. The image of Waddington.
 - 6. Kitty and Walter.
 - 7. Kitty and Charlie.
 - 8. The role of Mai-tan-fu in Kitty's life.
 - 9. The problem of happiness in the novel.
 - 10. The problem of unhappiness in the novel.